## KARNATAK UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD



## Gender Audit

2016-17 to 2020-21

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## Acknowledgement

Gender audit is an essential part of promoting gender equality and women empowerment. Being at the highest helm of higher education, the Karnatak University has made considerable effort in achieving gender balance in academic and administrative wings of the University. Essential facilities are being provided to women and girl students in the campus make it crystal clear that the university has gender orientation in its programmes and policies. In this regard the gender audit report of the university is prepared for the period of five years. We sincerely thank Dr. K. B. Gudasi, Hon’ble Vice Chancellor for his gender specific initiatives and to conduct Gender Audit of Karnatak University for the period 201617 to 2020-21.

We also sincerely thank the Registrar and Registrar (Evaluation) of the University for providing required information from their administrative and examination wing respectively.

Thanks are also due to the Deans of all the faculties, Director and Staff of IQAC, Chairpersons of the various Post-graduate Departments, the Director, Students Welfare, Director Equal opportunity Cell for providing necessary data.

Special thanks are also goes to the Chairperson of the Department of Women's Studies and also the chairperson and the members of the Women Grievances Cell of Karnatak University for their academic inputs in preparing this Audit Report.

We thank everyone who helped us directly or indirectly in finalizing the Report.

## I Introduction

Karnatak University, Dharwad has a history of one of the oldest Universities of India and the second oldest university of Karnataka state and on the verge of completing Platinum jubilee in the year 2024. When it was established, it had a jurisdiction of entire northern parts of Karnataka as well as North Canara District. Almost 30 years it was the only recognized centre of higher learning including all technical and medical and other professional education. With the establishment of Gulbarga University in the year 1980, Women University at Bijapur in 2003 and Rani Chennamma University in 2010, Belagavi, the jurisdiction of Karnatak university is now is Dharwad, Gadag, Haveri and North Canara Districts of Karnataka. Located in the beautiful landscape with favorable flora and fauna, Dharwad is known for its literary personalities and Carnatic music.

With a committed vision and mission, Karnatak University produced famous literary personalities, Jnana Peetha Awardees, Corporate businessmen, politicians, sport men and women. With its committed teaching and qualitative research, Karnatak University has initiated to make a Gender Audit for fourth accreditation. In its recent policies and activities, Karnatak University exemplified gender justice and gender balance. With girl students outnumbering in almost all the post-graduate departments, special and unique efforts are being carried out for their smooth and healthy living conditions.

It is herculean task for collecting and compiling gender specific activities of various departments, sections and units conducted during the assessment period. Many gender specific activities have gone unnoticed due to improper documentation. Therefore an effort was made to find out gender specific research, workshops, incentives, gender equity measures, syllabus and institutional mechanism of Karnatak University. After compiling
gender specific data, conclusions were drawn and also few strategies were made to correct the limitations and lacunae involved in gender specific programmes. A special survey exclusively on girl students of the campus should have been carried out to find out the aims, aspirations and problems and challenges of girl students. It will be initiated in due course of time. Even then we sincerely hope that the Karnatak University will emerge as one of the gender sensitive institution in near future. Most of the key aspects of pertaining gender issues have been implemented successfully in the campus. Being a public funded University, sincere efforts have been carried out in providing basic facilities to girl students and women employees of the University.

## II Key Terminologies

Gender is used to describe those characteristics of women and men. Gender characteristics are socially constructed, while sex refers to those which are biologically determined. People are born female or male but learn to be girls and boys who grow into women and men.

Gender equality is the nonexistence of discrimination on the basis of a person's sex in opportunities particularly in the allocation of resources and benefits or in access to services.

Gender equity refers to fairness and justice in the distribution of benefits and responsibilities between women and men. The concept recognises that women and men have different needs and power. Therefore these differences should be identified and addressed in a manner that rectifies the imbalance between the sexes.

Gender budgeting is a strategy to achieve equality between women and men. It is focusing on how public resources are collected and spent. It is a process restructuring revenues and expenditures in order to promote gender equality.

A Gender Audit is an assessment process. This audit would pay attention to different issues such as: the status of gender equality in their policy and decisionmaking structures, organizational culture and processes as well as to gather staff's perceptions, understanding and behaviors towards the issue. Gender Audit also evaluates to what extent the gender perspective is integrated into the academic policy and programmes, Research, curricula and in the management of work and staff's wellbeing.

## III Gender Component

Being located in geographically favorable area, the university till now has done one of the yeomen services of imparting higher education needs of young generation. In fact the establishment of Karnatak University was a turning point in the education attainment of rural, poor, women, marginalized and backward sections of North Karnataka. Spread over 800 acres of land, the Karnatak University has 50 post graduate departments. More than fifty per cent of girls pursue their education in various departments. Therefore Karnatak University is striving hard for gender equality in its policies and programmes. Some of the unique gender-oriented programme are:

1. Karnatak University is having huge campus. Therefore safety of girls in the campus is a big challenge. 24 X 7 security is provided in the entire campus with CC Camera installed in prime locations. Security of the University is managed by separate security wing with a security officer. None of security issues with regard to girl
students occurred in the campus.
2. The University has 07 ladies hostels including a separate hostel of lady research scholars. These hostels housed more than 2000 girl students in the campus. Provision of ladies hostel helped girls' students from rural students pursue their education comfortably. Extension of hostel buildings and two more ladies hostel have been commissioned during assessment period.
3. All the ladies hostels are well equipped with basic facilities CCTV, Security and solar water heaters and sanitary pads disposal machines.
4. Girl students belonging to Scheduled caste and Scheduled Tribe have been given monthly stipend for their hostel mess.
5. In all the hostels regular health and hygiene programme are being conducted for the benefits of students.
6. Every hostel is provided with Wi-Fi facility.
7. A Strong Sexual Harassment Unit is established for the benefit of girls in the campus.
8. Gender specific annual budget is prepared by the Finance section of the University. This financial grant has helped to start gender sensitive programme in the campus.
9. A day care centre was established. This centre is helping employed women in caring their babies during office hours.
10. A Research Centre for Women studies was established in the campus in the year 1988. In fact this is one of the oldest research centres funded by the University Grants Commission
11. Looking at the growing demand of women students, a separate Women Studies Post graduate studies and Research department was established with the key initiative of Dr. Shakuntala C. Shettar, Professor of Sociology, Karnatak University, Dharwad in the year 2015. At present this department is also offering Post Graduate Diploma in Women's Studies.
12. The Department of Social Work in association with local administration Pink-auto facility for the benefit of girl students in case any emergency.
13. Many social science and humanities departments have taken up women specific research leading to higher degrees or diploma.
14. Karnatak University has made a provision for women representation in all the committees formulated on different occasions.
15. Dr. B.R Ambedakar Studies department is regularly conducting programmes in the name of Savitribai Phule, the first woman teacher of India.
16. A Separate programme hall was established in the name of Savitribai Phule in the Department of Dr. B.R.Ambedkar Studies at Karnatak University, Dharwad.
17. In association with Family Planning Association (FPA), the department of Social Work is regularly conducting menstrual hygiene programme in the campus.
18. All the roads of girl's hostel are provided with street light facility.
19. $24 \times 7$ university health centre along in-house medical doctor made available to girl students.
20. Availability of ambulance service is also provided in the campus.

## IV Profile of Gender Composition: Parity and Progress

During the assessment period, while the total enrolment has seen a decline, enrolment of girl children has increased; this implies a larger responsibility on the part of the institution to enhance women specific amenities on the campus. Whereas a larger decline in enrolment is observed in respect of Management, Law, Social Science and Arts Faculties; that in Education, Commerce and Science faculties has shown slight increase.

Table 1 Percentage Change in Enrolment

| Faculty | M | W | T |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arts | -9.16 | -8.68 | -8.94 |
| Commerce | -29.83 | 27.00 | 2.39 |
| Education | -5.56 | 90.91 | 4.95 |
| Law | -26.32 | -27.27 | -26.67 |
| Management | -45.76 | -23.29 | -37.17 |
| Science | -10.00 | 7.78 | 1.77 |
| Social Science | -13.05 | -11.75 | -12.46 |
| Total | -14.96 | 1.52 | -6.34 |

## Faculty-wise Girls enrollment

The table 2 shows the proportion of girls' enrolment across faculties during the assessment period. The enrolment of girls as a percentage of total enrolment has increased from $52.31 \%$ in $2016-17$ to $56.70 \%$ in 2020-21. However, the absolute number of girls enrolled marginally risen from 2046 in 2016-17 to 2077 in 2020-21.

Table 2: Percentage of Girls in Total Enrolment by Faculty

| Faculty | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}-21$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arts | 45.26 | 45.01 | 48.70 | 45.73 | 45.39 |
| Commerce | 56.70 | 64.78 | 71.91 | 71.08 | 70.33 |
| Education | 10.89 | 10.98 | 13.75 | 18.00 | 19.81 |
| Law | 36.67 | 52.50 | 32.43 | 45.71 | 36.36 |
| Management | 38.22 | 37.66 | 36.67 | 43.38 | 46.67 |
| Science | 66.18 | 69.97 | 70.35 | 68.15 | 70.09 |
| Social Science | 45.85 | 49.30 | 49.30 | 45.69 | 46.22 |
| All | $\mathbf{5 2 . 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 6 . 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 . 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 . 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 6 . 7 0}$ |

While the proportion of girls has continuously increased in Commerce, Science, Management and Education faculties, that in Arts and Social Sciences has almost stagnated. The tendencies also suggest that the teachers should look into the causes for declining enrolment and initiate steps to raise the overall enrolment and that of girls, in particular. This is necessary for achieving the expected increase in GER by the NEP 2020.

The diagram depicts these tendencies, across faculties and over the years.


Figure: Percentage of Girls' Enrolment by Faculty Over the Years


It is to be noticed that more than $90 \%$ of girls prefer to enroll in Social Science, Science, Arts and Commerce faculties. Girls' enrolment is proportionately higher in Social Science and Arts faculties. However, a further disaggregated analysis at the departmental level could throw more light on which departments need to focus on attracting more number of girl children.

## Women Administrators

Table 3 provides information about women in various administrative positions in the University from 2016-17 to 2020-21

Table 3 Women Administrators (2016-17 to 2020-21)

| Designation/Position | Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Registrar | 01 |
| Finance Officer | 01 |
| Chairpersons of Departments | 13 |
| Directors/Co-ordinators | 03 |
| Deputy Registrar | 02 |
| Assistant Registrar | 01 |
| Academic Council Members | 12 |
| Syndicate Members | 03 |


| Membership on Committees | 20 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Senior Assistants | 23 |
| Junior Assistants | 10 |
| Wardens | 05 |
| Office Superintendents | 11 |
| D Groups employees | 31 |

## Women Teachers:

Information provided in the Table 4 is about number of women teachers working in the university. For the assessment period, out of the total 308 teachers, 118 or $31.22 \%$ were female teachers. Similarly, as of 2021 , out of the total 207 teachers, 56 or $27.05 \%$ are female teachers. The percentage of female teachers is relatively higher among the Teaching Assistants and Assistant Professor cadres.

Table 4 Number of Female Teachers

| Designation | No. of Female <br> Teachers |  | \% Female <br> Teachers <br> to All Teachers |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Existing | 2016-17 <br> to <br> 2020-21 | Existing | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 -}$ <br> $\mathbf{1 7}$ to <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ <br> $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
|  | 14 | 14 | 31.82 | 29.79 |
| Associate <br> Professor | 2 | 4 | 15.38 | 22.22 |
| Professor | 13 | 21 | 13.54 | 13.91 |
| Dy. Director, <br> Phy. Edn | 0 | 1 | 0.00 | 50.00 |
| Teaching <br> Assistants | 27 | 78 | 50.94 | 48.75 |
| All | 56 | 118 | 27.05 | 31.22 |

Note: Figures in parenthesis indicate total number of teachers


Cadre wise distribution of female teachers reveals that, nearly half of them are in the Professor's cadre and about a quarter of them are in the Teaching Assistant cadre. A little more than one-fifth are in the Assistant Professor cadre. Thus, Assistant Professors and Teaching Assistants together outnumber the other category of female teachers.


# V The amount of seed money provided by institution to its faculty year wise during the last five years (INR in lakhs) 

| Name of the teacher getting seed <br> money | The amount of <br> seed money | Year of receiving <br> grant |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Dr. Asha K. S. | 0.50 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Renukadevi S. Dyavanal | 0.50 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Renuka E. Asagi | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Ningappa N. Halli | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Mallappa Bandi | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Ansuya K. Kamble | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Anita K. Gudi | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Sridevi P. G. | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Shakeela M. Gorikhan | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr (Smt) Manjula S. R. | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Smt. Anita Halamata | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |
| Dr. Padmavati M. Singari | 0.25 | $2021-22$ |

## VI Research Grants Received by Women Faculty

Grants for research projects sponsored by the government agencies during the last five years (INR in Lakhs) for women faculty

| Name of the Project | Name of the $P$ I | Dept. of PI |  | Funds provided | Duration of the project | Funding Agency | Total amount of funds received |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year-2016-2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Role of Rural women in Water <br> Management: <br> Achieving <br> Towards Gender <br> Equality with <br> Special Reference <br> to Dharwad <br> District Karnataka | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dr. S. } \\ & \text { C. } \\ & \text { Shettar } \end{aligned}$ | Sociology | $\begin{gathered} 2017- \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | 5,50,000 | 2018-20 | ICSSR | 3,85,000 |
| Year: 2018-19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Molecular mechanism of temperaturedependent sex | Dr. L. S. <br> Inamdar | Zoology | $\begin{gathered} 2018- \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | 37,40,240 | 2019-22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DST- } \\ & \text { SERB } \end{aligned}$ | 17,46,000 |


| Name of the <br> Project | Name <br> of the $\mathbf{P}$ <br> I | Dept. of <br> PI | Year <br> of <br> Award | Funds <br> provided | Duration <br> of the <br> project | Funding <br> Agency | Total <br> amount <br> of funds <br> received |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| determination and <br> differentiation of <br> gonad in the <br> reptile, Calotes <br> versicolore - Are <br> sex steroids a key <br> factor? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## VII Research projects carried on women issues

| Sl. <br> No | Name of the <br> Principal <br> Investigator | Title of the <br> Research Project <br> ( | Dr. G. S. <br> Venumadhava |  <br> Received <br> Funding <br> Agency | Duration |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Masculinity and violence <br> against women in <br> marriage : an Exploratory <br> study in Karnataka | 8,00,000/ <br> ICSSR | Department |  |  |  |
| 2. | Dr. S. C. Natikar | Political Empowerment of <br> different Scheduled Tribe <br> Communities Women in <br> Karnataka | $10,00,000$ <br> State Govt. <br> Tribal <br> Research <br> Centre, <br> Mysore | $2020-21$ | Sociology |

## VIII Details of Gender Budget

| 2016-2017 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| GENDER BUDGET | EXPENDITURE |
| INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY | 24,000 |
| WOMEN AND CHILD CARE CENTRE | 42,361 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{6 6 , 3 6 1}$ |
| DIPLOMA IN WOMEN'S STUDIES |  |
| CONTINGENCIES | 6,509 |
| PRINTING \& STATIONERY | 7,987 |


| DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 800 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| FIELD WORK | 11,015 |  |  |
| TEACHING AIDS/MATERIALS | 3,998 |  |  |
| GUEST FACULTIES | $3,03,405$ |  |  |
| REMUNERATION | 11,300 |  |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{3 , 4 5 , 0 1 4}$ |  |  |
| WOMEN'S STUDY CENTRE |  |  |  |
| DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 1,600 |  |  |
| SEMINAR/CONFERENCE/TRAINING | 11,467 |  |  |
| CONTINGENCIES | 3,450 |  |  |
| GUEST FACULTIES | $3,64,489$ |  |  |
| TOTAL |  |  | $\mathbf{3 , 8 1 , 0 0 6}$ |
| GENDER BUDGET TOTAL |  |  |  |


|  | 2017-2018 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3 0 0 0 0}$ | GENDER BUDGET | EXPENDITURE |
| 30001 |  <br> FELLOWSHIP(PG \& CONSTI. COLLEGE) | $15,29,017.00$ |
| 30007 | INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY | $50,000.00$ |
| 30008 | WOMEN AND CHILD CARE CENTRE | $30,239.00$ |
| 1916 | SPORTS SCHOLARSHIP FOR STUDENTS | - |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 6 , 0 9 , 2 5 6 . 0 0 ~}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 6 0 0}$ | DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN STUDIES |  |
| 5604 | DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 800.00 |
| 5605 | FIELD WORK | $11,649.00$ |
| 5606 | TEACHING AIDS/MATERIALS | $6,608.00$ |
| 5608 | REMUNERATION | $11,500.00$ |
| 5609 | SPECIAL LECTURES | $\mathbf{3 0 , 5 5 7 . 0 0}$ |
|  | TOTAL |  |
| $\mathbf{8 6 0 0}$ | RESEARCH CENTRE FOR WOMEN <br> STUDIES |  |


| 8602 | PRINTING/STATIONERY/PUBLICATION | $7,970.00$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 8603 | DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | $1,590.00$ |
| 8605 | SPECIAL LECTURES | $4,000.00$ |
| 8609 | CONTINGENCIES | $3,117.00$ |
| 10701 | CONTINGENCIES/UTENSILS | $4,838.00$ |
| 10702 | MAGAZINES/NEWS PAPERS |  |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 1 , 5 1 5 . 0 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 0 0}$ | AKKAMAHADEVI HOSTEL |  |
| 10302 | CONTINGENCIES/UTENSILS | $4,900.00$ |
| 10304 | MAGAZINES/NEWS PAPERS | $3,800.00$ |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{8 , 7 0 0 . 0 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 0}$ | RANI KITTUR CHENNAMMA HOSTEL |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 4 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 7 0 , 0 2 8 . 0 0}$ |  |

2018-2019

| $\mathbf{3 0 0 0 0}$ | GENDER BUDGET | EXPENDITURE |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 30001 |  <br> FELLOWSHIP(PG \& CONSTI. COLLEGE) | $30,06,897.00$ |
| 30007 | INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY | $40,000.00$ |
| 30008 | WOMEN AND CHILD CARE CENTRE | $11,950.00$ |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{3 0 , 5 8 , 8 4 7 . 0 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 6 0 0}$ | DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN STUDIES |  |
| 5602 | CONTINGENCIES | $4,850.00$ |
| 5603 | PRINTING \& STATIONERY | $7,990.00$ |
| 5604 | DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | $1,600.00$ |
| 5605 | FIELD WORK | $4,307.00$ |
| 5606 | TEACHING AIDS/MATERIALS | $3,300.00$ |
| 5608 | REMUNERATION | $\mathbf{3 4 , 2 1 3 . 0 0}$ |
| 5609 | SPECIAL LECTURES |  |
|  | TOTAL |  |


| $\mathbf{8 6 0 0}$ | RESEARCH CENTRE FOR WOMEN <br> STUDIES |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 8602 | PRINTING/STATIONERY/PUBLICATION | $4,799.00$ |
| 8603 | DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | $1,670.00$ |
| 8605 | SPECIAL LECTURES | $7,900.00$ |
| 8609 | CONTINGENCIES | $3,141.00$ |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 7 , 5 1 0 . 0 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 0 0}$ | AKKAMAHADEVI HOSTEL |  |
| 10302 | CONTINGENCIES/UTENSILS | $4,904.00$ |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{4 , 9 0 4 . 0 0}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 7 0 0}$ | WORKING WOMEN'S HOSTEL |  |
| 10701 | CONTINGENCIES/UTENSILS | $4,997.00$ |
| 10702 | MAGAZINES/NEWS PAPERS | 0.00 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{4 , 9 9 7 . 0 0}$ |
|  | GENDER BUDGET TOTAL | $\mathbf{3 1 , 2 0 , 4 7 1 . 0 0}$ |

2019-2020

| $\mathbf{3 0 0 0 0}$ | GENDER BUDGET | EXPENDITURE |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 30001 |  <br> FELLOWSHIP(PG \& CONSTI. COLLEGE) | $16,26,391$ |
| 30003 |  <br> CONFE RCONFERENCE TO P.G.DEPTS. | 63,548 |
| 30007 | INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY | 40,000 |
| 30008 | WOMEN AND CHILD CARE CENTRE | 14,443 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 7 , 4 4 , 3 8 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 6 0 0}$ | DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN STUDIES | 3,540 |
| 5602 | CONTINGENCIES | 9,595 |
| 5603 | PRINTING \& STATIONERY | 1,600 |
| 5604 | DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 5,015 |
| 5606 | TEACHING AIDS/MATERIALS | $\mathbf{1 9 , 7 5 0}$ |
|  | TOTAL |  |
| $\mathbf{8 6 0 0}$ | RESEARCH CENTRE FOR WOMEN STUDIES |  |


| 8602 | PRINTING/STATIONERY/PUBLICATION | 11,964 |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 8603 | DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 1,455 |
| 8609 | CONTINGENCIES | 6,642 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 0 , 0 6 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 3 0 0}$ | AKKAMAHADEVI HOSTEL |  |
| 10302 | CONTINGENCIES/UTENSILS | 0 |
| 10304 | MAGAZINES/NEWS PAPERS | $\mathbf{2 , 4 0 0}$ |
|  | TOTAL |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 4 0 0}$ | RANI KITTUR CHENNAMMA HOSTEL |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0 7 0 0}$ | WORKING WOMEN'S HOSTEL | 4,870 |
| 10701 | CONTINGENCIES/UTENSILS | $\mathbf{4 , 8 7 0}$ |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 7 , 9 1 , 4 6 3}$ |

2020-2021

| GENDER BUDGET | EXPENDITURE |
| :--- | ---: |
|  <br> FELLOWSHIP(PG \& CONSTI. COLLEGE) | $29,91,719$ |
| INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY | 32,000 |
| WOMEN AND CHILD CARE CENTRE | 9,848 |
| SPORTS \& CULTURAL ACTIVITIES | 0 |
| INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS | 32,000 |
| SCHOLARSHIPS FOR MERITORIOUS <br> STUDENTS | 0 |
| PROTECTION OF WOMEN AGAINST <br> SEXUAL <br> HARRASSMENT/WOMENS WELFARE <br> BOARD | 0 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{3 0 , 6 5 , 5 6 7}$ |
| DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN STUDIES | 3,531 |
| CONTINGENCIES | 6,400 |
| PRINTING \& STATIONERY | 1,200 |
| DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 0 |
| FIELD WORK | 9,600 |
| TEACHING AIDS/MATERIALS |  |


| REMUNERATION | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| SPECIAL LECTURES | 0 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 0 , 7 3 1}$ |
| RESEARCH CENTRE FOR WOMEN |  |
| STUDIES |  |
| PRINTING/STATIONERY/PUBLICATION | 9,598 |
| DISCRETIONERY CONTINGENCIES | 880 |
| SEMINAR/CONFERENCE/TRAINING | 0 |
| SPECIAL LECTURES | 0 |
| PURCHASE OF BOOKS | 7,864 |
| CONTINGENCIES | 2,690 |
| TOTAL |  |
| Grand total | $\mathbf{3 1 , 0 7 , 3 3 2}$ |

## IX PhDs carried on Gender Issues in the University

| Sl. <br> No | Name of the <br> Department | Name of the <br> Guide | Name of the <br> Research Scholar | Year of Award | Title of the Title |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Economics | Dr. (Smt) Mukta <br> S. Ad | Smt. <br> Madiwalappagol <br> Shakuntala Irappa | 31.08 .2015 | "Feminization of <br> Ageing and Their <br> Income Security - A <br> Study in Belgaum <br> District" |
| 2. | Economics | Dr. R.R.Biradar | Sri. Paragund P.M. | 04.02 .2016 | "Empowerment of <br> Women Through Self <br> Help Groups in <br> Karnataka : A <br> Comparative Study of <br> NGO and Government <br> Self Help Groups" |
| 3. | Anthropology | Dr. K.C. <br> Tarachand | Smt. Gandigawad <br> Sapana <br> Ninganagouda | 15.12 .2015 | "Women Farm <br> Labourers and Their <br> Reproductive Health <br> with Special <br> Reference to Soundatti <br> Taluk of Belgaum <br> District" |
| 4. | Psychology | Dr. (Smt) <br> R.N.Kenchappan <br> avar | Smt Manjula G.B. | 13.04 .2015 | "Depression, <br> Loneliness and <br> Aggression of <br> Commercial Female <br> Sex Workers and |


|  |  |  |  |  | Gays (Homosexual Men)" Men)" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. | Psychology | Dr. V.A. Aminabhavi | Smt. P. Suneetha Rani Francis Xavior | 15.05.2015 | "A Study of Work Motivation, SelfEfficacy, Occupational Stress and Psychological Well-Being of Professional Men and Women" |
| 6 | Anthropology | Dr. C.G.Hussain Khan | Smt. Ashwini <br> Arjun <br> Dandappanavar | 08.02.2017 | "Maternal Health Seeking Behaviour and its Impact on Safe Motherhood in A Resource - poor Setting: An Anthropological Study of an Urban Slum in Dharwad, Karnataka" |
| 7. | Criminology and Forensic Science | Dr. G. S. Venumadhava | Smt. Mayuri Sahay | 24.03.2017 | "A Criminological Study on Women Victimization in Domestic Violence: Special Reference to Lucknow City of Uttar Pradesh" |
| 8. | Social Work | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dr. (Smt.) } \\ & \text { V.B.Pai } \end{aligned}$ | Smt. Pai Rashmi | 31.08.2016 | "Women and LeisureA Study from Gender Perspective" |
| 9. | Law | Dr. <br> R.R.Bharamgou dar | Smt. Sharada Gurunathagouda Patil | 18.01.2017 | "A Critical Study Relating to Legal Aspects of Surrogacy in India" |
| 10 | History and Archaeology | Dr. S.K. Kallolikar | Smt. Halli Chandrakala Siddappa | 16.03.2018 | Women Laws After the Hindu Code Bill |
| 11 | Psychology | Dr. Pramod R. Shivacharan | Sri. Vijayakumar K.S. | 28.12.2017 | "A Study of Stress, Coping Strategies and Job Satisfaction Among Nurses in Relation to Gender, Work Experience and |


|  |  |  |  |  | Work Sector" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | Sociology | Dr. (Smt) Jayashree S. | Sri. Malin Prakash | 30.06.2017 | "Prevalence of Malnutrition Among Adolescents: A Case Study of Raichur District, Karnataka State" |
| 13 | English | Dr. Mallikarjun Patil | Sri. Banashankari Lakkappa <br> Bhimappa | 03.05.2017 | Women Laws After the Hindu Code Bill |
| 14 | English | Dr. Mallikarjun Patil | Sri. Banashankari Lakkappa <br> Bhimappa | 03.05.2017 | The Theme of Protest in Taslima Nasreen's Fiction |
| 15 | English | Dr. Shamala M. Ratnakar | Sri. Santosh Aladakatti | 02.08.2017 | "Feminist Issues in Anita Nair's Novels : A Critical Study" |
| 16 | English | Dr. Shamala M. Ratnakar | Sri. Sachin Uppar | 10.03.2018 | "The Themes of Gender and Identity in Mahashweta Devi's Fiction" |
| 17 | Criminology and Forensic Science | Dr. R.N.Mangoli | Smt. Tanushri Anchan | 29.08.2018 | "A Study of PsychoSocial Perspective on Issues of Women Police of Bengaluru City" |
| 18 | Psychology | Dr. S.G.Jadhav | Smt. Anuradha Sajjan | 06.10.2018 | "Self-Concept Anxiety and Subjective Well-being of Pregnant Job Holders and Home Makers" |
| 19 | Psychology | Dr. S.G.Jadhav | Sri. Suresh Anandappa | 23.11.2018 | "Self-Concept, SelfControl, Adjustment and Academic Anxiety of Adolescents of Working Mothers and Home makers" |
| 20 | Psychology | Dr. S.G.Jadhav | Smt. Vaniprabha G.V. | 23.11.2018 | "A Comparative Study of Beginners and |


|  |  |  |  |  | Established <br> Commercial Sex <br> Workers: Alcohol <br> Use, Personality <br> Factors and Suicide Attempts" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | Sociology | Dr.C.A.Somashe kharappa | Smt. Neeta Biradar | 15.05.2018 | "Health and Nutritional Status among Urban Housewives : A Study in Sociology of Health and Wellness" |
| 22 | Sociology | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dr. (Smt) } \\ & \text { Chandrika K.B. } \end{aligned}$ | Smt. Pushpalata Kanbarkar | 11.07.2018 | "Health Care Seeking Behaviour of Rural Women- A Sociological Study in Belgaum District" |
| 23 | Sociology | Dr. Shaukath Azim | Smt. Shaikh Shabanayasmeen Mohammedshafi | 20.10.2018 | "Health Status of Muslim Women :A Sociological Study" |
| 24 | Sociology | Dr. Shaukath Azim | Smt. Shreemani | 21.12.2018 | "Health Status of Women in Coastal Karnataka :A Sociological Study" |
| 25 | Sociology | Dr. S.C.Natikar | Sri. Hebbal Mahabubasab Husenasab | 21.12.2018 | "Marginalization of the Marginalized : A Study of Third Gender in North Karnataka" |
| 26 | English | Dr. Shamala M Ratnakar | Smt. Nayak Vijayalakshmi Ramakrishna | 02.05.2018 | "Articulation of Subaltern Issues in Dalit Women's Writings" |
| 27 | English | Dr. Shamala .M. Ratnakar | Sri. Sachin Uppar | 10.03.2018 | "The Themes of Gender and Identity in Mahashweta Devi's Fiction" |
| $28$ | English | Dr. (Smt) Chandrama S. Kanagali | Smt. Indira Rathod | 29.01.2019 | "Dalit and AfroAmerican Women: A Comparative Study" |


| 29 | Law | Dr. I. Sharath Babu | Smt. Sudhamani P.M. | 27.02.2018 | "A Critical Study Into the Implementation of ILO Conventions Pertaining to the Working Conditions of Women Workers in India with Special Reference to the Selected Industrial Establishments in Karnataka" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | Law | Dr. I. Sharath Babu | Smt. Pankaja T.C. | 02.08.2018 | "A Study of Implementation of Various Social Security Measures for Women Workers in the Unorganized Sector with Reference to the Selected Employments in Davangere District" |
| 31 | Law | Dr. Vishwanath M. | Smt. Byadagi Shilpa Shankar | 02.03.2019 | "Victimology in India : With Special Reference to Women Offended by Rape, Acid Attacks \& Sexual Harassment At Work Places" |
| 32 | Anthropology | Dr. T. T. Basavanagouda | Smt. Ashwini Pujar | 05.04.2019 | "A Study of Nutritional Status Among the Koraga Tribe of Udupi District, Karnataka" |
| 33 | Anthropology | Dr. T. T. <br> Basavanagouda | Sri. Praveen Hoogar | 14.06.2019 | "A Study of Health Seeking Behaviour among the Halakki Vokkalu Community of Uttara Kannada District, Karnataka" |
| 34 | Economics | Dr. <br> L.D.Vaikunthe | Smt. Math Andanemma Kalakayya | 12.07.2019 | "Socio-Economic Conditions of Women Agricultural Laborers in Karnataka |


|  |  |  |  |  | : A Study of Dharwad District" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 | Economics | Dr. Honnappa S. | Smt. Savadi Manjula Nagappa | 26.09.2019 | "Economic <br> Empowerment of Women Through Micro Credit : A Case Study of Dharwad District" |
| 36 | Economics | Dr. (Smt) <br> H.H.Gadawale | Smt. Manjula <br> Basappa Gudimani | 27.11.2019 | "Empowerment of Women Through Micro Finance: A Study of Koppal District" |
| 37 | Library and Information Science | Dr. C. <br> Krishnamurthy | Smt. Soubhagya Arali | 06.05.2019 | "Reading Habits and Use of Public Library Resources by Urban Women in Karnataka :A Study" |
| 38 | Social Work | Dr. Vineeta B. Pai | Smt. Lakshmi Mallik D M. | 11.02.2020 | "The Implementation and the Efficacy of Kishori Programme A Case Study of Dharwad City" |
| 39 | Sociology | Dr. <br> Hanamagouda <br> C. | Smt. Malini Revanka | 05.02.2020 | "Women in <br> Agriculture : A <br> Sociological Study in <br> Western Ghats of <br> Karnataka" |
| 40 | Kannada | Dr. N.Y.Mattihal | Smt. Suma S. | 24.06.2019 | "Adhunika Kannada Mahila Kavyadalli Pratibhataneya Nelegalu" |
| 41 | Commerce | Dr. S.G.Hundekar | Smt. Pattanshetti Indrayani Irappa | 18.04.2019 | "Women Self -Help Groups in Karnataka" |
| 42 | English | Dr. Sukanya A. Jalihal | Kanavi Manjula Parashuram | 21.01.2021 | "Struggle for Existence in Indian Women's Autobiographies in English: A Study of Selected Works" |


| 43 | Anthropology | Dr. V. Jagadeesh | Sri. Motila <br> Ramaswami <br> Lamani | 25.06 .2020 | "An Anthropological <br> Study of Female <br> Offenders in <br> Karnataka" |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 44 | Sociology | Dr. <br> Hanamagouda <br> C. | Sri. Mallayya S. | 03.03 .2021 | "Displacement and <br> Women in Upper <br> Krishna Project" |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## X Gender Component in various Post-Graduate Courses

| Sl. No | Programme <br> Code | Department | Paper Title |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | DP007 | Health Management | Population Studies and Reproductive <br> Health |
| 2. | DP 15 | PG Diploma in Yoga <br> Studies | P. III Human Biology \& Psychology |
| 3. | PG 32 | Anthropology | Basics of Anthropology |
| 5. | PG32 | Anthropology | Gender Anthropology |
| 6. | PG 33 | Criminology | Criminology |
| 7. | PG 33 | Criminology | Criminal Justice System |
| 8. | PG 33 | Criminology | Introduction to Police Science |
| 9. | PG 33 | Criminology | Forensic Psychology |
| 10. | PG 33 | Criminology | Crime against Women and Children |
| 11. | PG 33 | Criminology | Victimology and Victim Assistance |
| 12 | PG 50 | Political Science | Contemporary issues in International <br> Relations |
| 13 | PG 35 | English | Gender studies |
| 14 | PG 42 | History and <br> Archaeology | Social Movements for the Upliftment of <br> the Oppressed |
| 15 | PG 43 | Kannada | Mahila Sahitya |
| 16 | PG 43 | Kannada | Adhunika Kannada Sahitya |
| 17 | PG 43 | Kannada | Karnataka Sanskriti |
| 18 | PG 43 | Kannada | Janapada Sahitya |
| 19 | PG 43 | Kannada | Lexigraphy |
| 20 | PG 43 | Kannada | Karnataka Ranghabhumi Adhyanana |
| 21 | PG 51 | Psychology | Health Psychology |
| 22 | PG 51 | Psychology | Child Development |
| 23 | PG 53 | Sociology | The Study of Indian Society |
| 24 | PG 53 | Sociology | Social Demography |
| 25 | PG 53 | Sociology | Sociology of Health and Wellness |
|  |  |  |  |


| 26 | PG 53 | Sociology | Sociology of Development |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | PG 53 | Sociology | Sociology of Marginalized Groups |
| 27 | PG 53 | Sociology | Sociology of Education |
| 29 | PG 53 | Sociology | Indian Society: Continuity and Change |
| 30 | PG 53 | Sociology | Sociology of Gender |
| 31 | PG 53 | Sociology | Sociology of Law |
| 32 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Fundamentals of Women's Studies |
| 33 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Gender, Society and Culture |
| 34 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Research Methodology |
| 35 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women in India: Perspectives and Problems |
| 36 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and Education |
| 36 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and work |
| 38 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Feminist Literary Studies |
| 39 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Feminism and Feminist Theories |
| 40 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Feminist Jurisprudence |
| 41 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Statistical Applications in Women's Studies |
| 42 | PG 56 |  |  |
|  |  | Women's Studies | Women and Health |
| 43 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and Media |
|  | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and Religion |
| 44 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | OEC <br> Women' Movement and Social Change |
| 45 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and Environment |
| 46 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Marginalized Women: Issues and |
| 47 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Perspectives |
| 48 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Fieldwork and Extension Activities Women, governance and leadership |
| 49 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | HRD |
| 50 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women, Science and Technology |
| 51 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and Development |
| 52 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Feminist Approaches to Psychology |
| 53 | PG 56 | Women's Studies | Women and Entrepreneurship |
| 54 | PG 63 | Social Work | Work with Individuals and Families |
| 55 | PG63 | Social Work | Social Work Profession: Fields of Social work |
| 56 | PG 63 | Social work | Society and Social Pathology |
| 57 | PG 53 | Social Work | Wok with groups |
| 58 | PG 53 | Social Work | Social Justice and Empowerment |
| 59 | PG 53 | Social Work | Labour Legislations |
| 60 | PG 63 | Social Work | Correctional Social Work |
| 61 | PG 53 | Social work | Legal system in India |


| 62 | PG 53 | Social Work | Counselling Theory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 63 | PG 53 | Social Work | Public Health and Social Work |
| 64 | PG34 | Economics | Economics of Gender and Development |
| 65 | PG 34 | Economics | Economics of Health |
| 66 | PG 34 | Economics | Demography |
| 67 | PG 57 | Yoga Studies | Yoga Practical I II III |
| 68 | PG 57 | Yoga Studies | Anatomy and Physiology |
| 69 | PG67 | Master of Physical Education | Sports Medicine |
| 70 | PG 67 | Master of Physical Education | Health Fitness and wellness |
| 71 | PG63 | Master in Commerce | Organizational Behaviour |
| 72 | PG63 | Master in Commerce | Strategic Human Resource Management |
| 73 | PG61 | Master of Business Administration | Organizational Behaviour |
| 74 | PG61 | Master of Business Administration | Human Resource Development |
| 75 | PG61 | Master of Business Administration | Application of Labour Law |
| 76 | PG61 | Master of Business Administration | Compensation Management |
| 77 | PG61 | Master of Business Administration | Emotional Intelligence |
| 78 | PG65 | Master of Education | Educational Studies |
| 79 | PG65 | Master of Education | Curriculum Pedagogy |
| 80 | PG65 | Master of Education | Inclusive Education |
| 81 | PG 54 | Master of Urdu and Persian Literature | Study of Form of Literature(Afsana): Nazara Darmiyaan Hai |
| 82 | PG 54 | Master of Urdu and Persian Literature | Study of Biography and Sketch: Aijaz Timapuri |
| 83 | PG 54 | Master of Urdu and Persian Literature | Urdu Ghazal ka Mutala |


| 84 | PG 54 | Master of Urdu and <br> Persian Literature | Study of Novel: Aiwan E Gazal <br> and Novelette: Agale Janam Muhe <br> Bitya Na Kijio |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 85 | PG 69 | Master of Law | Law and Social Transformation in India |

## XI Achievements by girl students

| Year | Name of the award/ medal | Team/ <br> Individual | National / International | Name of the Event | Name of the student |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 2015- \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | First Place | Individual | State | Debate | Miss. Vaishnavi S. Joshi |
|  | Second Place | Individual | National | Rangoli | Miss. Anupama Pawar |
|  | Third Place | Team | National | Group Song | Miss Archana Pattar and Group |
|  | Second Place | Individual | State | Debate | Miss. Yellamma G. Padasur |
|  | Second Place | Individual | National | Classical Vocal Solo | Miss. Aishwarya Desai |
|  | Second Place | Individual | National | Rangoli | Miss. Vindhya Hegde |
| $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ 19 \end{gathered}$ | First Place | Individual | State | Debate | Miss. Seema Khairi |
| $\begin{gathered} 2019- \\ 20 \end{gathered}$ | First <br> Place | Individual | National | Rangoli | Miss. Sahana Goankar |
|  | Second Place | Individual | National | Mehandi | Miss. Mohina Kausar Nayak |
|  | First Place | Individual | National | Rangoli | Miss. Sahana Goankar |
|  | Second <br> Place | Individual | State | Debate | Miss. Sikdandar Chauhan |

## Sports Achievement by Girls

| Sl. <br> NO. | Name of the student | Sport Event | Place | Medal | Year |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Taishana Banu Nadaf | South Zone Inter- | University | Participated | $2017-18$ |


|  |  | University <br> Basketball | Of Calclutta |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | Vanishree Badiger | South Zone InterUniversity Basketball | University Of Calclutta | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 3. | Pooja Naik | South Zone interuniversity <br> Women's Kabaddi | Bharatiyar University Coimbatore | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 4. | Rekha Hosamath | South Zone interuniversity <br> Women's Kabaddi | Bharatiyar University Coimbatore | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 5 | Sangeetha Math | South Zone interuniversity <br> Women's Kabaddi | Bharatiyar University Coimbatore | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 6 | Prema Gouda | All India InterUniversity Netball for Women | SRTM University <br> Nanded | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 7 | Pooja Shivalli | All India InterUniversity Netball for Women | SRTM University <br> Nanded | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 8. | Surekha Hosatti | All India InterUniversity Netball for Women | SRTM University <br> Nanded | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 9. | Vanishree Badiger | All India InterUniversity Netball for Women | SRTM University <br> Nanded | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 10 | Nikita Bandekar | All India InterUniversity Basketball for Women | SRTM University <br> Nanded | Participated | 2016-17 |
| 11 | Poornima Godi | All India InterUniversity Gymnastics for Women | Anna University Chennai | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 12 | Sumitra Lingadalli | South Zone InterUniversity Hockey for Women | Annamalai University Chidambaram | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 13 | Rekha Hiremath | South Zone InterUniversity Kabaddi for Women | Mangalore University | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 14 | Sangeetha Matti | South Zone InterUniversity Kabaddi for Women | Mangalore University | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 15 | Yallavva Thashildar | South Zone InterUniversity Kabaddi | Mangalore University | Participated | 2017-18 |


|  |  | for Women |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | Yashoda Dholannavar | South Zone InterUniversity Kabaddi for Women | Mangalore University | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 17 | Karuna Amrubskar | All India Inter University Netball for Women | Tamil Nadu <br> Physical <br> Education and Sports University, Chennai | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 18 | Soumya Hajeri | All India Inter University Netball for Women | Tamil Nadu Physical Education and Sports University, Chennai | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 19 | Renuka Huyilgol | All India Inter University Netball for Women | Tamil Nadu <br> Physical <br> Education and <br> Sports University, <br> Chennai | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 20 | Soumya Hajeri | South Zone Inter University Badminton for Women | Vellore Institute of Technology | Participated | 2018-19 |
| 21 | Jyothi Gyanagoudar | South Zone Inter University Basketball for Women | SRM <br> University Chennai | Participated | 2018-19 |
| 22 | Apeksha Kulkarni | South Zone Inter University Hockey for Women | Alagappa University Chennai | particiapted | 2017-18 |
| 23 | Sangeetha Malli | South Zone Inter University Kabaddi for Women | Bangalore North University Bangalore | Participated | 2017-18 |
| 24 | Yashoda Dhoolannavar | South Zone Inter University Kbaddi for Women |  | Participated |  |
| 25 | Kumari Susma Ballary | Taekwondo | Punjabi <br> University <br> Patiala | Silver | 2019-20 |
| 26 | Yellamma Itagi | South Zone Chess Meet for women | Acharya <br> Nagarjuna <br> University <br> Guntur | Participated | 2019-20 |
| 27 | Radha Kulkarni | South Zone Chess <br> Meet for women | Acharya Nagarjuna | Participated | 2019-20 |


|  |  |  | University <br> Guntur |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 28 | Jabeen Taj Jigalur | All India Inter- <br> University <br> Cross Country | Andhra <br> University <br> vishakapattanam | Participated | $2019-20$ |

## XII Institutional Mechanism Ffr Gender Equity

Karnatak University has following Centres/Cells which deal with gender equity and gender empowerment

1. UGC Research Centre for Women's Studies
2. Department of Women's Studies
3. Day Care Centre is functioning for taking care of children of below 3 years of women employees of Karnatak University. Separate building with all infrastructure is funded by the UGC, New Delhi.

## Further following committee are established for the exclusive benefit of women

 in the Campus1. Internal Complaint Committee and Special Cell for Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment of Women Employees and Students( As per UGC).
2. Women's Grievance Cell
3. Committee for Women' Studies
4. Women's Welfare Board

## Celebration of International Women's Year:

Every year Research Centre for Women's Studies and the Department of Women's Studies have been conducting International Women's Day coinciding with an academic event. All the students, teaching and Non-Teaching Staff attend the
celebration. The details from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is given below;

2015-16

| SI. <br> No. | Title of <br> Collaborative <br> activity | Name of <br> Collaborating <br> agency with <br> contact <br> details | Source of <br> Financial <br> Support | Year of <br> Collaboration | Durati <br> on | Nature of Activity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 .}$ | Workshop on <br> Women and <br> Law and <br> Women and <br> Health | --- | KUD <br> Assistance | March <br> $8^{\text {th }}, 2016$ | One <br> day | One day Workshop on <br> Women and Law and <br> Women and Health. |

2016-17

| 1 | Workshop on <br> Moving <br> towards <br> Gender <br> Equality | --- | KUD <br> Assistance | $8^{\text {th }}$ March, <br> 2017 | One <br> day | On the eve of <br> International Women's <br> Day, one day workshop <br> was conducted on <br> Moving towards |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Gender Equality. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2017-18

| 1. | Symposium | - | KUD <br> Assistance | $8^{\text {th }}$ March, 2018 | One day | One day Symposium on <br> Towards Gender <br> Equality: Think Equal, <br> Build Equal, Innovative <br> for Change. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1. | Symposium | - | KUD <br> Assistance | $8^{\text {th }}$ March,2020- <br> 21 | One day | One day Symposium on <br> Theme "Women <br> Achievers: Combatting <br> COVID -19 Crisis" in <br> the memory of respect <br> of Prof. Smt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jayalakshammani, |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | Former Vice Chancellor, <br> KUD. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Women Endowment Programmes:

- Endowment Lecture instituted in the name of Prof. Sarogini Shintri, a renowned Literary writer and Feminist Scholar conducted by the Department of English, every year.
- The Department of Music instituted Gangubai Hangal Peetha who is renowned Hindustani Classical Musician of Karnataka under this peetha, famous women classical singers are invited.


## Gender Sensitive Programmes and Workshops conducted by the Department of Women's Studies

2015-16

| SI.No. | Title of Collaborative activity | Name of Collaborating agency with contact details | Source of <br> Financial <br> Support | Year of Collaboration | Duration | Nature of Activity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Field Visits | SDM Trust's <br> "Jyana Vikas <br> Kendra" (JVK)  <br> Navanagar,  <br> Hubli, Dharwad  <br> District  | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 16^{\text {th }} & \text { March, } \\ 2016 & \end{array}$ | one day | Non - <br> Government Organization working for the empowerment of women community specially for the marginalized and economically weaker section. |

2016-17

| 1 | Training Programme | Deshpande Foundation | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 25^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Training programme on Personality Development and Job Opportunity. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Field Visit | SDM Trust's <br> "Jyana Vikas <br> Kendra" (JVK) <br> Navanagar, <br> Hubli, <br> Dharwad <br> District | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 16^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | one day | Non - <br> Government <br> Organization working for the empowerment of women community specially for the marginalized and economically weaker section. |

2017-18

| 1 | Special <br> Lectures by Dr. K. <br> Gireeson | --- | $\overline{\text { KUD }}$ <br> Assistance | $22^{\text {nd }}$ <br> March,2018 | One day | Special Lectures on <br> Operationalisation of Women Component Plan: A Microscopic View. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Special <br> Lectures by Dr. Shaukath Azim | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 27^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lectures on Feminist Methodology. |
| 3 | Special Lectures by Dr. Sangeeta Mane | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 28^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lectures on Women Development Programmes. |

2018-19

| 1 | Workshop | Srujani NGO | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 14^{\text {th }} \text { August, } \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ | One day | One day workshop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Cancer <br> Awareness and Prevention | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 5^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture was delivered by Shri. Yogesh Jagadish Rout on Cancer Awareness and Prevention. |
| 4 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Feminist <br> Research <br> Methodology | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 26^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture was delivered by Dr. Shaukath <br> Azim on <br> Feminist <br> Research <br> Methodology. |
| 5 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Marginalized <br> Women and <br> Empowerment | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 27^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture was delivered by Smt. Linnet D'Silva on Marginalized Women and Empowerment. |
| 6 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Government <br> Policies and <br> Programmes <br> for Women | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 28^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture was delivered on Government Policies and Programmes for Women. |
| 7 | Field Visit | The <br> Association of People with Disability, Belgavi. | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 23^{\text {rd }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Field visits organized for the students as a part of the Syllabus of M. A. Women's |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | Studies Programme. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Field Visit | Women's <br> Welfare <br> Society <br> (Sangaati) <br> Family <br> Counseling <br> Centre, <br> Belgavi | KUD <br> Assistance | 2019 | One day | Field visits organized for the students as <br> a part of the Syllabus of M. <br> A. Women's Studies Programme. |
| 9 | Awareness <br> Programme | Research <br> Centre for <br> Women's <br> Studies and <br> Department of <br> Social Work, <br> Srujani and <br> Diksha <br> Foundation | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 28^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Awareness <br> Programme <br> was organized <br> on Violence <br> Against <br> Women. |
| 10 | Procession for <br> Awareness on <br> Violence <br> against Women | Research <br> Centre for <br> Women's <br> Studies and <br> Department of <br> Social Work | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 28^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | One two hour | Procession for <br> Awareness on <br> Violence <br> against <br> Women. |

2019-20

| 1 | Workshop | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | October 2019 | One day | One day <br> Workshop was <br> organized on <br> Necessity of <br> equal <br> opportunity <br> and equality <br> for women. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Special Lecture | -- | KUD | $15^{\text {th }}$ February, | One day | Special Lecture <br> was delivered |


|  |  |  | Assistance | 2020 |  | by Ganesh N. <br> Devy on <br> Women and <br> Environment. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Feminist <br> Research <br> Methodology | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 21^{\text {st }} \text { February, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture <br> was delivered by Dr. <br> Shaukath Azim <br> on Feminist <br> Research <br> Methodology |
| 4 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Women <br> Psychology | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 28^{\text {th }} \text { February, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture <br> was delivered by Dr. <br> Amminabhavi on Women and Psychology. |
| 5 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Gender and <br> Human Rights | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 3^{\text {rd }} \text { March, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture <br> was delivered by Dr. <br> Sudeshna <br> Mukherjee on <br> Gender and Human Rights. |
| 6 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Women <br> Rights, <br> Women and <br> Education | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 16^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture was delivered by Dr. Shahida <br> Murtaza on <br> Women <br> Rights, <br> Women and |


|  |  |  |  |  |  | Education |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Special <br> Lectures on <br> Women and <br> Development | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 5^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Special Lecture <br> was delivered <br> by Dr. Shailaja <br> Hiremath on <br> Women and <br> Development. |
| 8 | Field Visit | -- | KUD <br> Assistance | $\begin{aligned} & 15^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | One day | Field Visit to SDM Trust's "Jyana Vikas Kendra" (JVK) Navanagar, Hubli, Dharwad District. |
| 9 | Procession for <br> Awareness on <br> Violence <br> against <br> Women | Research <br> Centre for <br> Women's <br> Studies and <br> Department of <br> Social Work | KUD <br> Assistance | $5^{\text {th }}$ June, 2020 | One two hour | Procession for <br> Awareness on <br> Violence <br> against <br> Women. |

2020-21

| 1 | National <br> Webinar | -- | UGC/KUD | $29^{\text {th }}$ and $30^{\text {th }}$ <br> July, 2020 | Two days | National <br> Webinar on <br> Gender Issues <br> and Challenges <br> in <br> Contemporary <br> India. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | National <br> Webinar | -- | UGC/KUD | $30^{\text {th }}$ and 31 <br> August, 2020 | Two days | National <br> Webinar on <br> Women's <br> Rights in <br> Contemporary <br> India: Issues |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline & & & & & & \text { and Challenges. } \\ \hline 3 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Special } \\ \text { Lectures on } \\ \text { Feminist } \\ \text { Research } \\ \text { Methodology }\end{array} & & -- & \text { UGC/KUD } & \begin{array}{l}26^{\text {th }} \text { March, } \\ 2021\end{array} & \text { One day }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { Special Lecture } \\ \text { was delivered } \\ \text { by Dr. } \\ \text { Shaukath Azim } \\ \text { on Feminist } \\ \text { Research } \\ \text { Methodology }\end{array}\right]$.

## XIII. GENDER POLICY

Karnatak University has always been sensitive to the issues of gender in its policies and programmes. Formally written and approved Gender Policy that would ensure the rights and safety of girl students and women employees of the University. The University is trying to address the inequity in its staff pattern. The number of girl students studying in the campus has doubled in a decade. One of the unique characters of female students is that their number is increasing swiftly in Science and Commerce streams. These trends have been considered while framing the gender policy.

Hence the gender policy ensures appropriate gender orientation in working culture in the University campus. It is striving to promote gender equality in its teaching and learning programmes. The current gender policy will serve as guidelines to all stakeholders of Karnatak University.

## Goal of Gender Policy:

The main goal of this policy is to provide better facilities for women in University's academic and administrative policies and programme.

## Objectives:

1. To promote equity and equality between the gender in teaching and research.
2. To analyse gender issues in planning and implementation of gender specific activities of the university
3. To create gender sensitive and conducive environment in the campus especially for girl students and women employees.
4. To increase gender component in the post-graduate courses and programes.
5. To implement women specific insfrastructural facilities regularly in the campus.
6. To monitor the working conditions, women hostels, rest rooms, day care centres.
7. To execute the capacity building and training programmes to girls and women in the campus.
8. To ensure fairness and equity in every activity undertaken by the university.

General: This Gender Policy is subjected to necessary amendments as and when required.

## GENDER POLICY: THE PRIORITY AREAS

## Access to Education

Education is process of understanding and gaining confidence in one's own life. It
is an act of raising awareness and gaining knowledge about various aspects of life. Though once denied of educational opportunity, today women have opportunity to gain any type of education. In this regard Karnatak University has adopted an inclusive policy of giving education to all the sections of the society irrespective of caste or sex. The university has provided all the basic facilities required for girl students. All the girls and their parents are feeling secured in the campus. Looking at their growing numbers, more and more women oriented facilities like Ladies hostels, Ladies rest rooms, canteen and entertainment centre exclusive for women have extended.

## Gender Component in the Post-Graduate Syllabus:

In order to sensitize both girls and boys, gender component is found its relevance in the syllabus of various post-graduate courses. Efforts should be made to enhance the gender component in all the post-graduate departments. Already University is providing post-graduate Diploma and M.A. in Women's Studies. Girls are encouraged to enhance their life skills and language skills particularly in foreign languages. Efforts are being made to gender specialization courses in humanities and social sciences.

## Gender Sensitization programmes

Every department is encouraged to conduct gender sensitization programmes and activities regularly in their course structures. Exclusive gender specific courses are to be incorporated into post-graduate courses.

## Training and Capacity Building Programmes

Most of the girls who are admitted to various post-graduate courses are hailing from backward social groups and rural places. They are denied of communication and writing skills in English. They lack confidence in exhibiting their inner capacities. Rarely they moved out of their villages during their under graduation. Therefore they need special facilities to improve their life skills. Exclusive training programmes to become self-reliant would be conducted in their respective hostels particularly during weekends or evening time. Equal opportunity Cell would be conducting many more capacity building programmes exclusively to girls.

## Health and Counseling Centres

Women's health issue is an important concern for every policy makers. Women's health is essential for the overall development and growth of a nation. Already existing health centre would be strengthened with more lady doctors and councilors. A gynecologist is appointed to serve girls.

## Yoga and Wellness Centre

An exclusive yoga and wellness is genuinely required for the girls. The Department of Yoga Studies would be asked to set up a separate yoga and wellness centre of the girls, for the girls and by the girls. Girl students of the Department of Yoga Studies would be encouraged to conduct their practical class in this regard. Further every ladies hostel is encouraged to set up a wellness centre in their respective hostels. Separate budgetary provisions will be started in this regard.

## Evaluation of Gender Audit:

Gender audit is an important policy with regard to gender sensitization programmes and their implementation. Every year gender audit would be conducted by the women employees constituted exclusively for the purpose. There should be proper representation from the stakeholders in the process of gender audit.

## Women's Grievances Cell

The existing women's Grievances cell will be strengthened with its meetings and programmes. Girls of the campus made aware of this cell. Regular women oriented activities would be conducted under this cell to sensitize about sexual harassment and discrimination. A separate budget would be created under gender budget of the University.

## Special Provisions for Disadvantaged Sections:

Number of admissions of girl students belonging to socially disadvantaged sections is increasing every year in the campus. They are to be provided with special incentives to undertake life skills enhancement activities. Further efforts are also made for transgender and women differently students with specific incentives through increased budgetary provisions

Representation in women in governance and administrative bodies:

Efforts will be made to give adequate representation of women in Academic Council, Syndicate and other important statutory bodies of the University. Every provision will be made to given representation of women in various committees formed for different occasions.

## Extension Activities

Special extension activities for girls and women employees would be undertaken especially through NSS and NCC. A separate Women NSS Wing would be established in the Campus.

## Special Cell for the Monitoring and Implementation of UGC provisions on Girls and various government programmes:

University Grants Commission and Governments regularly make special women specific provisions for women and girl students in the country. However they are not implemented and monitored on time. Therefore a separate cell would be established in this regard with due representation of women teachers and employees of the University.

## Strengthening of Ladies and Working Women's Hostel:

Every year the number of admissions of girls in the campus is increasing. All the
ladies hostels are being provided with basic facilities for the comfortable stay. All the hostels are being provided with yoga and meditation room, recreational club, small departmental stores, and hygienic kitchen served with tasty food. All the ladies hostels will be provided with 24 X 7 CCTV facilities with advanced technologies and software. All the hostels are already provided with solar water heater facilities. Provisions are being made to increase the solar water heaters or installation of more water heaters. Provisions are also made to build more ladies hostels.

## Recruitment Policy:

Efforts are being made to appoint adequate women teachers and employees in the university. Women teachers are given special monetary benefits to take up research issues pertaining to women. A separate budgetary provision would be made to provide financial help to women teachers to participate in international conferences/workshops.

## Women Welfare Fund:

Many girl students aspiring for higher education are denied due to financial constraints of their parents. Daughters are made to sacrifice their dream of higher education due to financial problems. In order to minimise these hardships, a special provision would be made to financially weaker section group-girls in the University budget. Further efforts would be made to approach any philanthropists or Alumni to contribute to this Fund and to create a Corpus fund in their name.

## Celebration of International Day for Women:

Only a few departments of the university staff and students actively participate in this programme. Some departments conduct this programme separately. Therefore efforts will be made to organize this Day as University women's day at Gandhi Bhavan where all the girls, women teachers and women employees will assemble for whole day activities. Every women achiever of the campus and lady Alumni will be honoured on this day.

## Strategies for the Effective Implementation of Gender Policy

A committed and devoted planning and monitoring is highly essential in implementing Gender policy. Therefore long term as well as long term Action Plan will be created for the effective implementation of these policies. A separate committee would be appointed to monitor the policy implementation. This committee would be authorized to recommend the problems and challenges of implementing the various provisions of Gender Policy. Annual Plan as well as Five years plans would be prepared for the effective implementation of Policy.

## XIV Conclusion and Recommendations

1. Karnatak University is providing all the basic facilities required to girls and women faculty and women employees.
2. Adequate women representation is visible both in academic and administrative wings of the University
3. Girl students outnumber boys in the enrollment.
4. There is steep increase in the girls in science and commerce courses.
5. Campus is well equipped with 24 X 7 security provisions
6. Entire campus is under 24X7 CCTV Surveillance.
7. All the buildings in the campus have sufficient ladies toilets
8. All the ladies hostels are well equipped with basic facilities.
9. A university health centre is working with 24X\& in-house doctor.
10. A provision of Ambulance service is available in the health centre.
11. University is having functional day care centre for children.
12. The entire women grievances cells are working effectively.
13.A vibrant Research Centre for Women's Studies is providing PG Diploma and M.A Courses for the aspiring students irrespective of gender.
13. A separate post-graduate department of Studies and Research was established in the year 2015-16.
14. Many of the Social Science faculty from Sociology, Economics and Social work are involved in gender specific research.
15. Proper representation of women in various committees and programmes is found in the campus.
16. Girl students are adequately participating in the sports, NSS and cultural activities in the University.
17. Equal opportunity Cell is carrying out regularly capacity building programmes for women employees and students.
18. A vibrant Gender Policy is prepared for the successful implementation of women oriented programmes at Karnatak University.
19. A active Students Welfare Section of Karnatak University is monitoring the overall academic and cultural activities of girl students in the campus.
20. Adequate representation of girl students is given in PG Gymkhana of the University.

## Recommendations:

No doubt Karnatak University is one of the favourable women friendly campus. It is striving hard to fulfil the basic amenities to girls. Even then there are some areas where the University should pay more attention. If it fulfills these shortcomings, Karnatak University will march ahead in gender justice and gender equality.

1. Gender component in most of the post-graduate courses is either less or missing.
2. There is a shortage of Ladies Rest room in the Campus.
3. Male-female sex ratio in women teachers and employees is minimum.
4. Most of the ladies hostels are overcrowded due to growing demand.
5. A separate building for Women Studies department is not provided.
6. Gender specific projects from funding agencies are to be encouraged.
